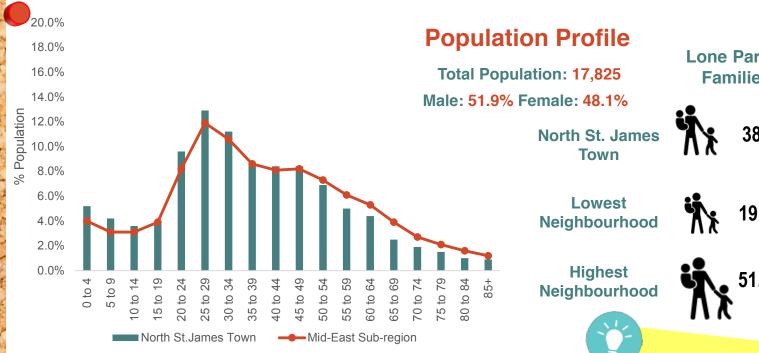
Mid-East Toronto Sub-Region **Toronto Central Local Health**

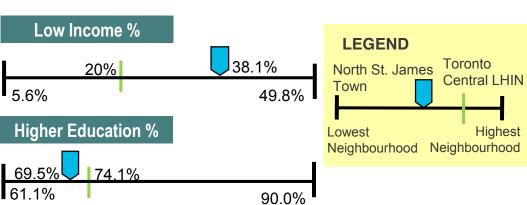
Integration Network

North St. James Town Who Are We?



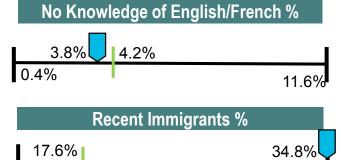


Income and Education



Culture and Diversity

34.8%



Top Three Languages Spoken at Home Other than English:

> Tagalog (Pilipino, Filipino) **Tamil** Mandarin

Neighbourhood Highlights

- Lower proportion of seniors (7.9%), but relatively higher proportion of seniors living alone (49.6%)
- Highest immigrant population (54.2%) along with the highest proportion of recent immigrants (34.8%) among the Mid-East Toronto neighbourhoods
- Second largest proportion of visible minority population in the
- Relatively high proportion of residents living with low income and lower proportion of residents with post secondary education compared to Toronto Central LHIN
- 2% of the population speak French as their mother tongue 1 Homeless shelter with 11 beds
- Prevalence rates for diabetes, high blood pressure and COPD is higher than the sub-region and Toronto Central LHIN rates Higher proportion of ED visits per 1,000 by children ages 0-4
- High utilization of ED for low urgency visits for ages 0-19 Low screening rates along with low continuity in primary care



Health Status	Prevalence Rate (%)	Neighbourhood Ranges (%)	Toronto Central LHIN Rate (%)
Diabetes (Ages 20+)	11.6	4.6 – 13.2	8.4
Asthma (Ages 20+)	10.3	10.3 – 15	12.7
High Blood Pressure (Ages 20+)	19.9	14.9 – 20.6	18.3
Mental Health Visits (Ages 20+)	9.2	7.8 – 11.2	9.4
COPD (Ages 35+)	9.9	6.4 – 11.4	8.6

For more information about the neighbourhoods and sub-regions, including data sources, please visit www.torontocentrallhin.on.ca/forhsps/subregions



North St. James Town **How Do We Use Our Health System?**

One out of every 4 people (Age 19+) in North St. James Town have low continuity of **Primary Care**

About one out of 2 eligible women in North St. James Town get regular Mammogram Screening.

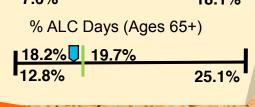
Two out of 5 eligible women get regular Pap Smear Screening.

North St. James Town residents have a **lower** percentage of Alternative Level of Care (ALC) days for all ages and seniors compared to the Toronto Central LHIN average.

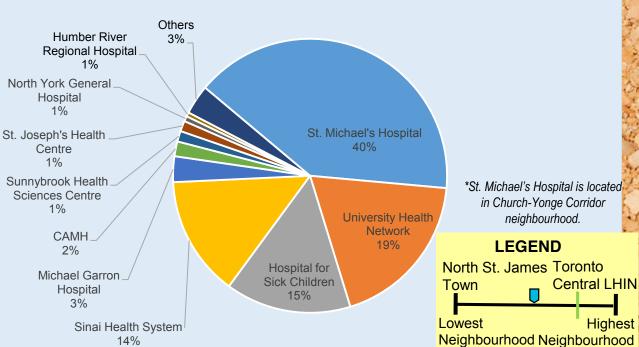
% ALC Days (All Ages)



Other relevant information will be collected.









85.1 hospitalizations occur per 1,000 residents in North St. James Town.

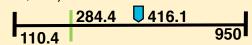
Inpatient Rate of Hospitalization for All Conditions (per 1,000)

Within Mid-East Toronto, North St. James Town residents have a higher rate of hospitalization for Mental Health Conditions and Ambulatory Care Sensitive Conditions compared to Toronto Central LHIN.

Inpatient Rate of Hospitalization for Mental Health Condition (per 100,000)

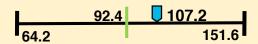
722	0 915.4	
333.2		2,166.2

Inpatient Rate of Hospitalization for Ambulatory Care Sensitive Conditions (per 100,000)



Children and Youth (ages 0-4 and 5-19)in North St. James Town have the highest rate of low urgency **Emergency** Department visits in the Mid-East Toronto sub-region.

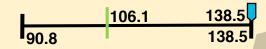
Low Urgency ED Visit Rates (All Ages):



Low Urgency ED Visit Rates (Ages 0-4):

173.3	370.7
101	370.7

Low Urgency ED Visit Rates (Ages 5-19):



In Mid-East Toronto sub-region, the proportion of select community services delivered in Toronto Central LHIN and being used by its residents are:

- 28% of the people who receive mental health case management services reside in Mid-East Toronto sub-region*.
- 13% of the people who receive addictions treatment-substance abuse reside in Mid-East Toronto sub-region*.
- 11% of the people who receive CCAC services by personal support workers in Toronto Central LHIN reside in Mid-East Toronto sub-region.

Need more data in CBI to cut this by neighbourhood populations

*Limitations of CBI data include:

- Data only includes HSPs currently uploading to CBI
- Some client records are missing postal codes
- Toronto Central LHIN residents who access services in other LHIN's are not captured